

POLLEN MORPHOLOGY OF SOME CENTAUREA L., PSEPHELLUS CASS. AND CYANUS MILLER TAXA

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The pollen morphology of 29 taxa, 24 of which are endemic to Turkey, was investigated in detail by light and scanning electron microscopy. LM examination showed pollen grains to be tricolporate, rarely tetracolporate, isopolar, radially symmetrical, subprolate, spheroidal-subprolate, operculate, tectum perforate, scabrate and microechinate. P. pecho Albow. and P. appendictgera C. Koch resemble the Montana type, C. pichlert subsp. pichlert Boiss. and C. pichlert subsp. extrarosularis (Hayek & Siehe) Wagenitz resemble the Cyanus type, and C. pseudoscabiosa subsp. pseudoscabiosa Boiss. & Buhse are consistent with the Dealbata type, C. pestalozae Boiss. and C. carduiformis subsp. carduiformis DC. with the Scabiosa type, and the other taxa with Wagenitz's Jacea type.

Key words: Centaurea, Cyanus, Psephellus, pollen morphology, LM, SEM.

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